

Patrick Boyle McGill University

The TRACER Project: Transition Radiation Array for Cosmic Energetic Radiation

Origin of Galactic Cosmic rays (Supernova Remnants ?)

- how are nuclei accelerated ?
- what is the maximum energy via SNR acceleration ?
- how are nuclei injected into the accelerator ?
- how do nuclei propagate through the Galaxy ?





1 day

10 days

4.5 days





Scientific Highlights

Flights

- Most detailed measurements of cosmic-ray nuclei > 10¹⁰ eV.

Fort Sumner

Sweden to Canada

Antarctica

- First measurement of nuclei $> 10^{14}$ eV.

1999

2003

2006

- Common mode of acceleration for all elements.
- Propagation path length decreases with energy 10⁹-10¹² eV.

Propagation of high-energy cosmic rays in the Galaxy.



Proposed to NASA in 2008/9 – highly recommended.

Payload - 2.5 x 2.5 x 2.5 m³

- 6000 lbs

Balloon - 40 M cubic foot balloon

Flight Characteristics

- 120,000+ feet
- 14+ day flight

Launch

- Antarctica
- Sweden (Russian overflight)

Telemetry

- LOS 1 Mbit
- TDRSS

Program - 4 years

Collaboration

- McGill
- UChicago
- NASA GSFC
- Penn State

Budget - \$ 5 M (total)

Possible Funding - NASA - CSA

Program Schedule

Year 1 Refurbishment of TRD system. Testing and procurement of Aerogel. Design of front end electronics, DAQ and scintillator system.

Year 2 Construction of scintillation, Cerenkov and power systems. Construction of front end electronics and DAQ.

Year 3

Integration of detector system Vacuum test of instrument Flight readiness review Balloon flight in polar region

Year 4

Recovery an initial refurbishment of detector system Data Analysis

Responsibilities

McGill / UChicago NASA GSFC	TRD, Gas systems, DAQ, Integration, Power. Cerenkov, Front-end electronics.

Proposed Canadian Contribution

Operating costs
~ 100 k per year (post-doc & graduate student(s) + undergrads)

Lab space suitable work area with 3.5 m overhead crane for years 1 - 3.

- Modest cost for Canadian led international balloon mission.

- Excellent opportunity for training HQP's.

Summary

- TRACER+ can continue cutting edge cosmic-ray measurements.
- Depends on funding in both Canada and USA.
- Canada could play a lead role for modest cost.
- Opportunity to train HQP's.

Long Term

Space mission with TRACER technology.

Technologies are proven and development could begin anytime.

Proposal ranked highly in NASA Space based small Initiatives Program